

## Line Integrals- HW Problems

Evaluate the following line integrals.

$$1. \int_c (x) ds, \text{ where } \vec{c}(t) = \langle 2 \cos(t), 2 \sin(t) \rangle; \frac{3\pi}{2} \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

$$2. \int_c (e^{(x+y)}) ds, \text{ where } \vec{c}(t) = \langle t, 2t - 1, -2t + 2 \rangle; \\ 0 \leq t \leq \ln(2)$$

$$3. \int_c (\sin(\sqrt{y})) ds, \text{ where } \vec{c}(t) = \langle 2, t^2, 1 \rangle; 0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

$$4. \int_c (x) ds, \text{ where } \vec{c}(t) = \langle t, t^2 \rangle; 0 \leq t \leq 2$$

$$5. \int_c (x - z) ds, \text{ where } \vec{c}(t) = \langle 2 \cos(t), 2 \sin(t), t \rangle; \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi$$

$$6. \int_c (x^2) ds, \text{ where } c \text{ is a circle of radius 3 about the origin.}$$

$$7. \int_c (2y) ds, \text{ where } \vec{c}(t) = \left(\frac{2}{3} t^{\frac{3}{2}}\right) \vec{i} + (t) \vec{j} + \vec{k}, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2$$

$$8. \int_c (x^2) ds, \text{ where } \vec{c}(t) = (t) \vec{i} + (\ln(t)) \vec{j} + 3 \vec{k}, \quad 1 \leq t \leq 2$$

$$9. \int_c (y^2) ds, \text{ where } c \text{ is the graph of } y = e^x \text{ for } 0 \leq x \leq \ln(2).$$